



Borehole No. BH1

Project: Mt Cooee Landfill - Development Plan **Coordinates:** 1350038 E 4873817 N
Client: Clutha District Council (CDC) **Ref. Grid:** NZTM **Depth:** 11.6 m
Project No.: 6-CO082.00 **R.L.:** Approx. 9 m **Inclination:** Vertical
Location: 30m west of Kaitangata Hwy, south of oxidation ponds **Datum:** NZ Vertical Datum 2016
 Mt Cooee Landfill, Balclutha

GEOLOGY	MAIN DESCRIPTION / DETAIL DESCRIPTION	R.L. (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	TESTS					DEFECTS / NOTES / OTHER TESTS	CORE			DRILLING		INSTALLATION DETAILS	
					SPT N° VALUE	SPT BLOW COUNTS OR SHEAR VALUE	ROCK STRENGTH	ROCK WEATHERING	ROCK DEFECT SPACING		DEFECT DIP	SAMPLE TYPE	TCR (%)	RQD (%)	DRILLING METHOD		CASING
TS	TOPSOIL, grass, trace rootlets and trace fine quartz gravel.																
	0.40-0.50m - Woody organics present																
	Silty CLAY with trace gravel and rootlets, dark grey, homogenous. Soft to firm, moist, high plasticity. Gravel; coarse, subangular. Core loss.	8										RC	80				
	Sandy SILT, light brown to brown, homogenous. Firm, moist to dry, low plasticity, micaceous. Sand; fine.	1			FC = 50%	6	3// 1/2/1/2					SPT	100				
	Silty CLAY with trace sand and gravel, light brown with dark grey and brown specks, homogenous. Firm, moist, high plasticity. Gravel; fine, subangular. Sand; fine to coarse. 1.50m - Orange mottle.	2										RC	100				
	Sandy SILT, brown, homogenous. Firm, dry, low plasticity. Sand; fine. 1.80m - Becomes light brown.				FC = 50%	5	2// 1/1/1/2					SPT	100				
	Silty fine to coarse SAND with trace rootlets, brown, homogenous. Loose, moist, micaceous. Silt; low plasticity.											RC	100				
	Becomes light grey to grey with trace of orange mottles, homogenous. Dry to moist, non-plastic, micaceous.	3			FC = 50%	7	2// 1/2/2/2					SPT	100				
	Silty CLAY with trace sand, light grey with orange mottles throughout, homogenous. Soft to firm, moist, high plasticity, micaceous. Sand; fine to medium. 3.50m - Becomes firm.	4			FC = 50%	6	2// 2/1/2/1					RC	100				
	3.90m - Becomes light grey with trace orange mottles (less than above), homogenous.											SPT	100				
	Sandy SILT, light brownish grey, homogenous. Soft, non-plastic dry. Sand; fine to medium.											RC	100				
	Silty CLAY, light greenish grey, homogenous. Soft to firm, moist, high plasticity.	4			FC = 90%	5	0// 0/0/0/1					SPT	100				
	5.45-5.65m - Becomes light greyish green with trace green sandy laminations. 5.65-6.00m - Green sandy lenses. Becomes greenish grey.											RC	100				
		6										SPT	100				
	Silty CLAY with trace gravel and sand, dark grey with orange mottles, homogenous. Very soft, moist to wet, high plasticity. Gravel; fine to coarse, subangular to angular. Sand; fine to medium, subangular to subrounded.	2			60+		13// 9/22/22/7 for 20mm					RC					
	Slightly weathered, highly fractured, light brownish grey, fine fabric SANDSTONE; moderately strong; very closely spaced joints and white veins. Recovered as: sandy GRAVEL with some silt, light brown. Gravel and sand; fine to coarse, subangular. 7.50-8.00m - Gravel becomes; fine to coarse, coarser gravel is angular to subangular, finer gravel is rounded to subrounded.	7			60+		12// 14/46 for 75mm					SP					
		8			60+		60 for initial 110mm					RC	100				
	Slightly weathered, highly fractured, light bluish grey, fine fabric SANDSTONE; moderately strong; closely spaced joints and white veins. Recovered as: Fine to coarse GRAVEL with minor sand, light greyish brown. Very dense, well graded, non-plastic. Gravel; coarser gravel is angular to subangular, finer gravel is rounded to subrounded. Sand; medium to coarse, rounded. 9.17-9.35m - Recovered as: fine to coarse GRAVEL with minor cobbles, light grey. Very dense, well graded. Gravel; subangular. Greywacke, mm-scale white veins. Cobbles: max 80mm.	9			60+		60 for initial 105mm					SPT	100				
												RC	100	0			
												SPT	100	0			
												RC	100	0			

Notes: SPT hammer energy ratio 91%
 Shared Hydro / Geotech borehole
 Core loss placed at end of run by default
 123mm OD Rotary Coring

Started: 19/10/2022 **Finished:** 20/10/2022
Drilling Co.: McMillan Drilling **Drilling Rig:** Hanjin D&B-8D - track
Logged by: C. Hall **Checked by:** C. Parkes



SPT BASED LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS REPORT

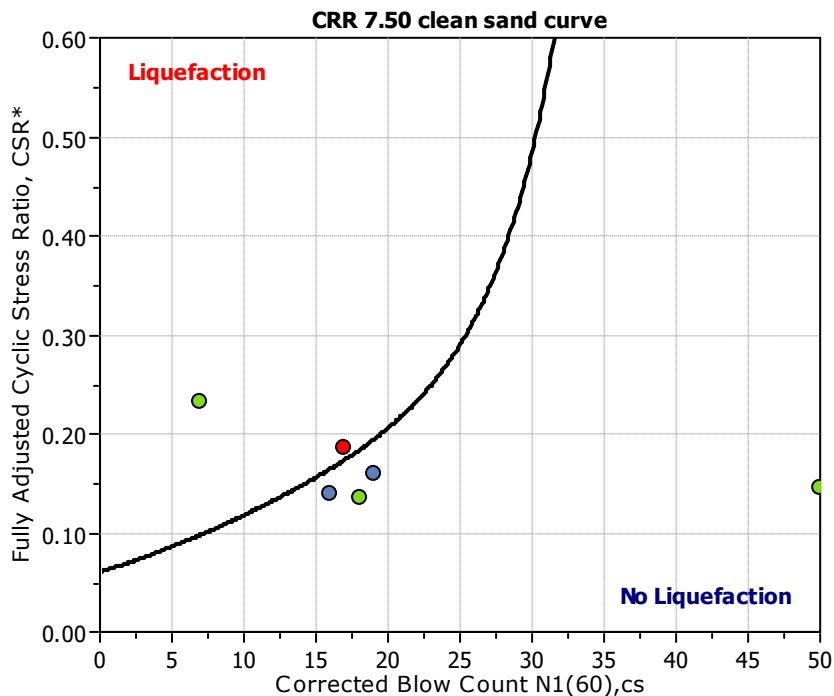
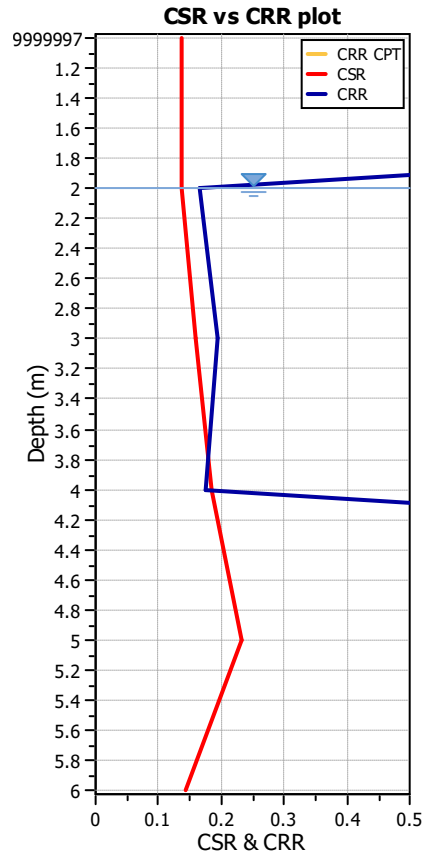
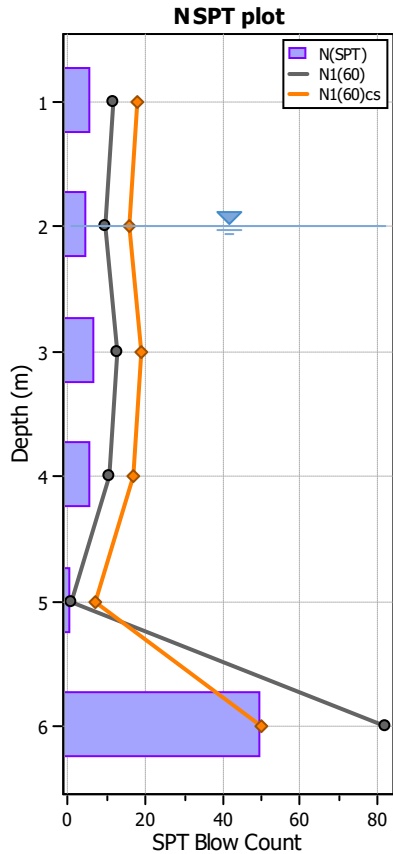
Project title : Mount Cooee Landfill Development

Location : Balclutha, Otago

Borehole Name : BH1

:: Input parameters and analysis properties ::

Analysis method:	Idriss & Boulanger 2014	G.W.T. (in-situ):	2.00	EQ site conditions:	Same as initial
Fines correction method:	Idriss & Boulanger 2014	G.W.T. (earthq.):	2.00		
Sampling method:	Standard Sample	Earthquake magnitude M_w :	6.00		
Borehole diameter:	65 mm to 115 mm	Peak ground acceleration:	0.29		
Rod length:	1.50	SPT results rounding mode:	Nearest		
Hammer energy ratio:	1.51				



:: Cyclic Stress Ratio fully adjusted (CSR*) numeric results ::

No	Depth (m)	Weight (kN/m ³)	u ₀ (kPa)	σ _v (kPa)	Ext. Load (kPa)	σ' _v (kPa)	r _d	CSR	K _σ	MSF _{max}	MSF	CSR*
1	1.00	17.00	0.00	17.00	0.00	17.00	0.99	0.187	1.10	1.42	1.48	2.000
2	2.00	17.00	0.00	34.00	0.00	34.00	0.98	0.184	1.10	1.35	1.48	0.138
3	3.00	17.00	9.81	51.00	0.00	41.19	0.96	0.224	1.10	1.45	1.48	0.160
4	4.00	17.00	19.62	68.00	0.00	48.38	0.94	0.249	1.09	1.38	1.48	0.186
5	5.00	17.00	29.43	85.00	0.00	55.57	0.92	0.265	1.05	1.14	1.48	2.000
6	6.00	17.00	39.24	102.00	0.00	62.76	0.90	0.274	1.10	2.20	1.48	2.000

Abbreviations

Depth: Depth from free surface where SPT was performed (m) during eq.
 u₀: Water pressure at test point (kPa) during eq.
 σ_v: Total overburden pressure at test point (kPa) during eq.
 σ'_v: Effective overburden pressure based on GWT during earthquake (kPa) during eq.
 r_d: Nonlinear shear mass factor
 CSR: Cyclic Stress Ratio
 MSF: Effective overburden stress factor
 K_σ: Magnitude Scaling Factor
 CSR*: CSR fully adjusted

:: Cyclic Resistance Ratio (CRR) numeric results ::

No	Depth (m)	Fines %	u ₀ (kPa)	σ _v (kPa)	σ' _v (kPa)	N _{SPT}	C _N	C _R	C _B	C _S	C _E	N ₁₍₆₀₎	Δ(N ₁) ₆₀	N _{1(60),cs}	CRR _{7.5}	F.S.
1	1.00	50.00	0.00	17.00	17.00	6	1.70	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.51	12	5.61	18	4.000	2.00
2	2.00	50.00	0.00	34.00	34.00	5	1.68	0.80	1.00	1.00	1.51	10	5.61	16	0.165	1.19
3	3.00	50.00	9.81	51.00	41.19	7	1.50	0.85	1.00	1.00	1.51	13	5.61	19	0.194	1.22
4	4.00	50.00	19.62	68.00	48.38	6	1.41	0.85	1.00	1.00	1.51	11	5.61	17	0.174	0.93
5	5.00	90.00	29.43	85.00	55.57	1	1.42	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.51	1	5.51	7	4.000	2.00
6	6.00	50.00	39.24	102.00	62.76	50	1.13	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.51	82	5.61	50	4.000	2.00

Abbreviations

Depth: Depth from free surface where SPT was performed (m)
 Weight: Soil unit weight from previous test point to current (kN/m³)
 u₀: Water pressure at test point (kPa)
 σ_v: Total overburden pressure at test point (kPa)
 σ'_v: Effective overburden pressure based on in situ GWT (kPa)
 N_{SPT}: Number of blows count in the field (blows/30 cm)
 C_N: Overburden pressure factor
 C_E: Energy ratio factor
 C_B: Borehole diameter factor
 C_R: Rod length factor
 C_S: Sampling method factor
 N₁₍₆₀₎: Number of blows corrected for 60% energy
 ΔN_{1(60),cs}: Fines correction
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 CRR_{7.5}: Cyclic Resistance Ratio for M_w 7.50
 F.S.: Factor of safety against liquefaction

Liquefiable layer between 4.0m and 4.5m bgl based on SPT data and borehole logs



WSP
Dunedin Office
197 Rattray St, Dunedin, 9016
New Zealand

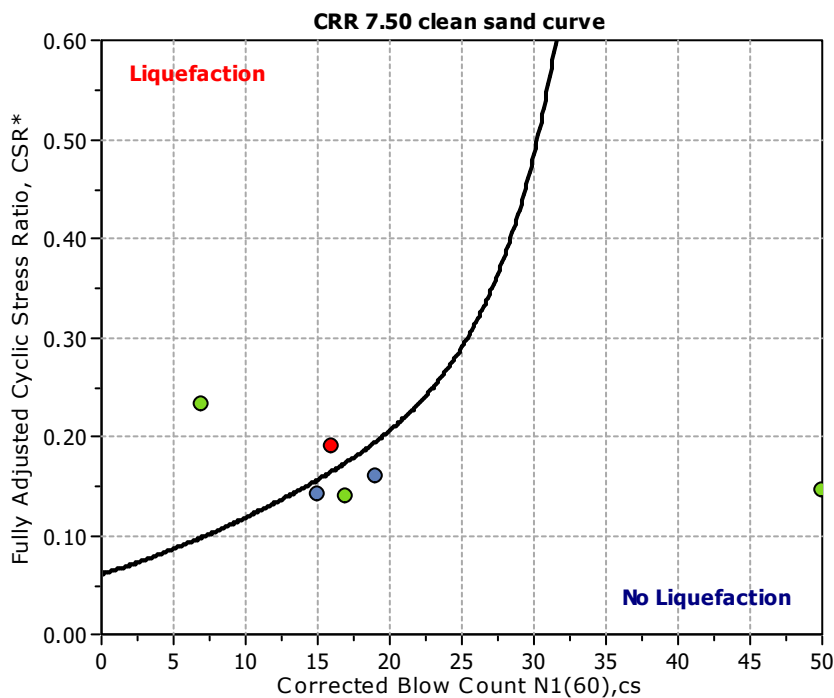
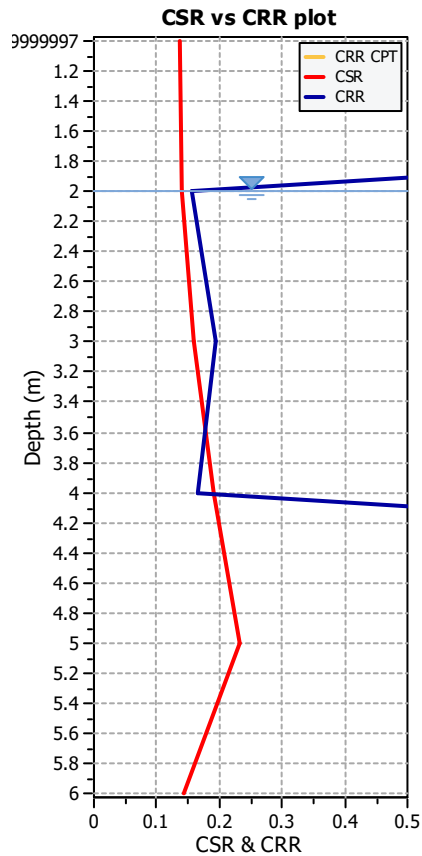
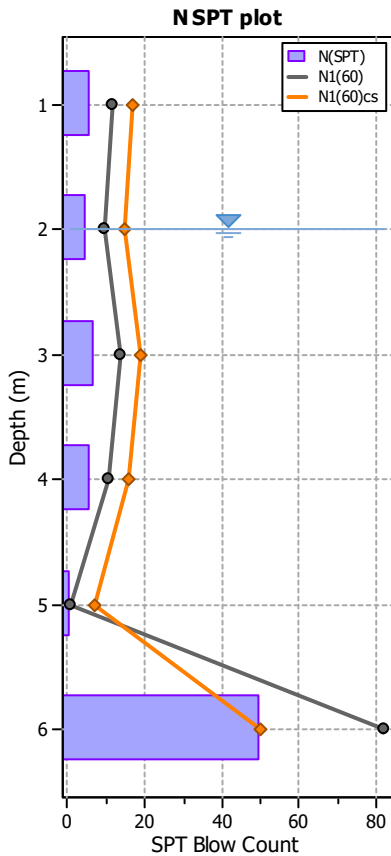
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2	2.00	17.00	0.00	34.00	0.00	34.00	0.98	0.184	1.10	1.32	1.48	0.141
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4	4.00	17.00	19.62	68.00	0.00	48.38	0.94	0.249	1.08	1.35	1.48	0.190
5	5.00	17.00	29.43	85.00	0.00	55.57	0.92	0.265	1.05	1.14	1.48	2.000
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1	1.00	30.00	0.00	17.00	17.00	6	1.70	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.51	12	5.36	17	4.000	2.00
2	2.00	30.00	0.00	34.00	34.00	5	1.70	0.80	1.00	1.00	1.51	10	5.36	15	0.156	1.11
3	3.00	30.00	9.81	51.00	41.19	7	1.51	0.85	1.00	1.00	1.51	14	5.36	19	0.194	1.22
4	4.00	30.00	19.62	68.00	48.38	6	1.42	0.85	1.00	1.00	1.51	11	5.36	16	0.165	0.87
5	5.00	70.00	29.43	85.00	55.57	1	1.42	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.51	1	5.57	7	4.000	2.00
6	6.00	30.00	39.24	102.00	62.76	50	1.13	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.51	82	5.36	50	4.000	2.00

Abbreviations

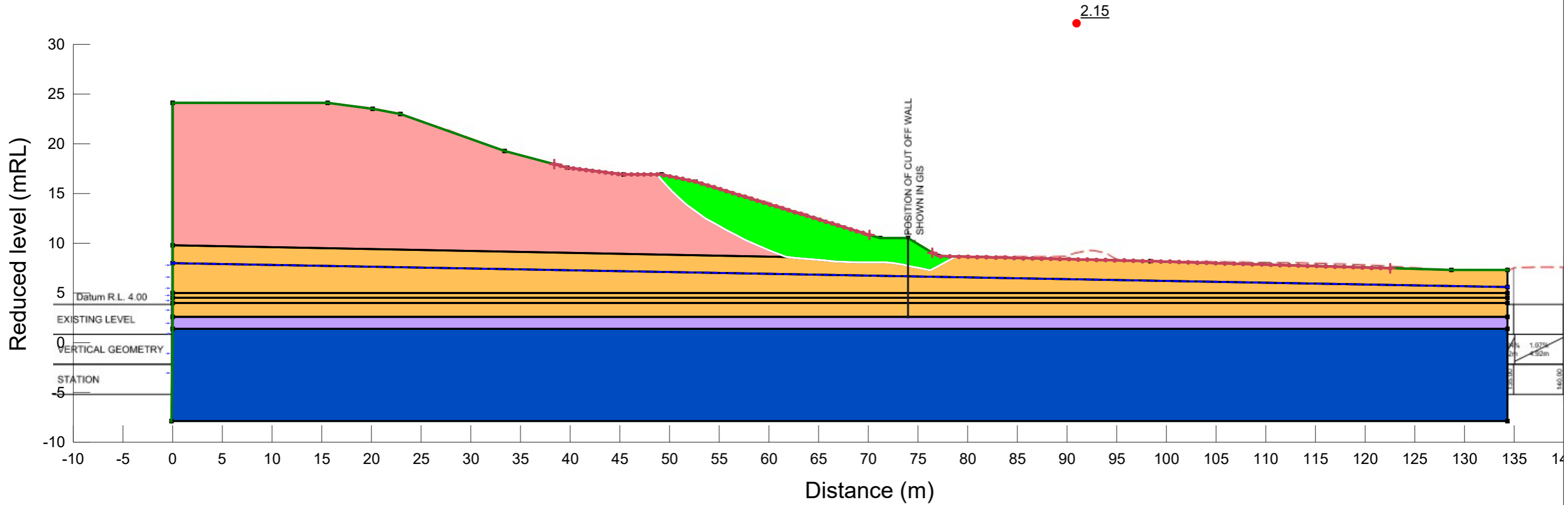
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 CRR_{7.5}: Cyclic Resistance Ratio for M_w 7.50
 F.S.: Factor of safety against liquefaction

Liquefiable layer between 4.0m and 4.5m bgl based on SPT data and borehole logs

Horz Seismic Coef.:
 Method: Morgenstern-Price

Updated Stability Assessment Outputs

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (kN/m³)	Effective Cohesion (kPa)	Effective Friction Angle (°)	Phi-B (°)	Piezometric Surface
Green	Existing Clay Bund (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	18	3	28	0	1
Red	Refuse / Waste (Drained) - Nominal Parameters	Mohr-Coulomb	13	5	25	0	1
Orange	Unit 2 - Alluvial Deposits (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	17	1	24	0	1
Purple	Unit 3b - Highly to moderately weathered, very weak to weak SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	21	20	40	0	1
Blue	Unit 3c - Slightly weathered, moderately strong to strong SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	23	30	44	0	1



Mt Cooe Landfill Development Plan

1.1 Static - Long term

6-CO082.00

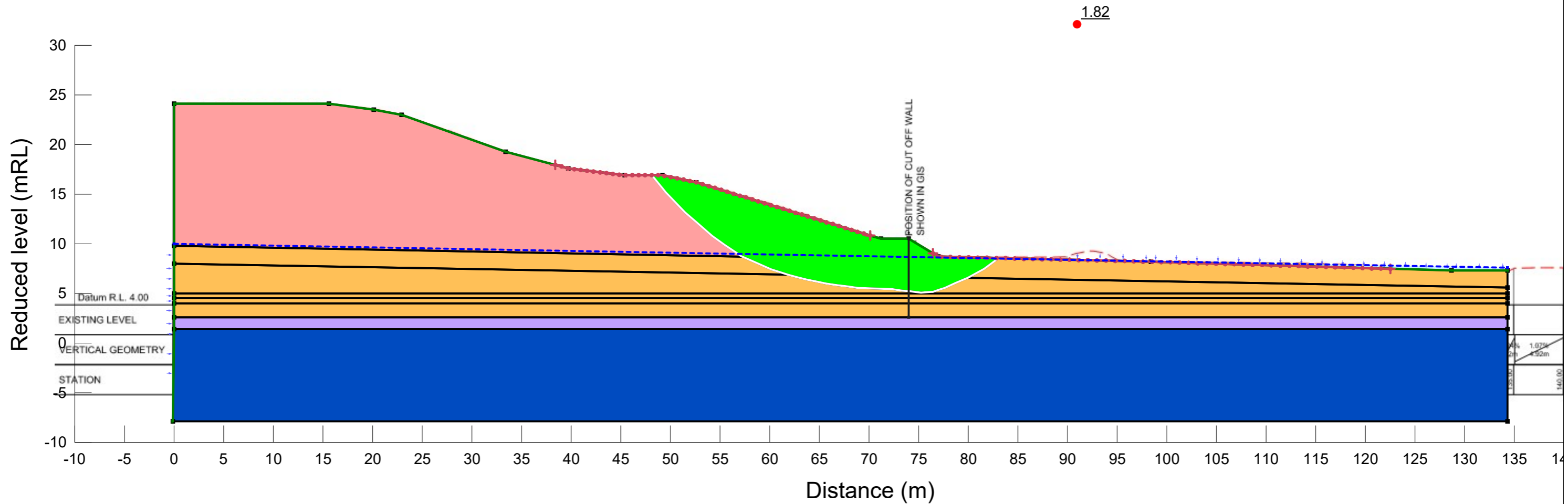
Date: 07/09/2023

Scale: 1:400

By: NT

Horz Seismic Coef.:
 Method: Morgenstern-Price

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (kN/m³)	Effective Cohesion (kPa)	Effective Friction Angle (°)	Phi-B (°)	Piezometric Surface
Green	Existing Clay Bund (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	18	3	28	0	1
Red	Refuse / Waste (Drained) - Nominal Parameters	Mohr-Coulomb	13	5	25	0	1
Orange	Unit 2 - Alluvial Deposits (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	17	1	24	0	1
Purple	Unit 3b - Highly to moderately weathered, very weak to weak SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	21	20	40	0	1
Blue	Unit 3c - Slightly weathered, moderately strong to strong SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	23	30	44	0	1



Mt Cooe Landfill Development Plan

1.2 Static - Short Term (High GWL)

6-CO082.00

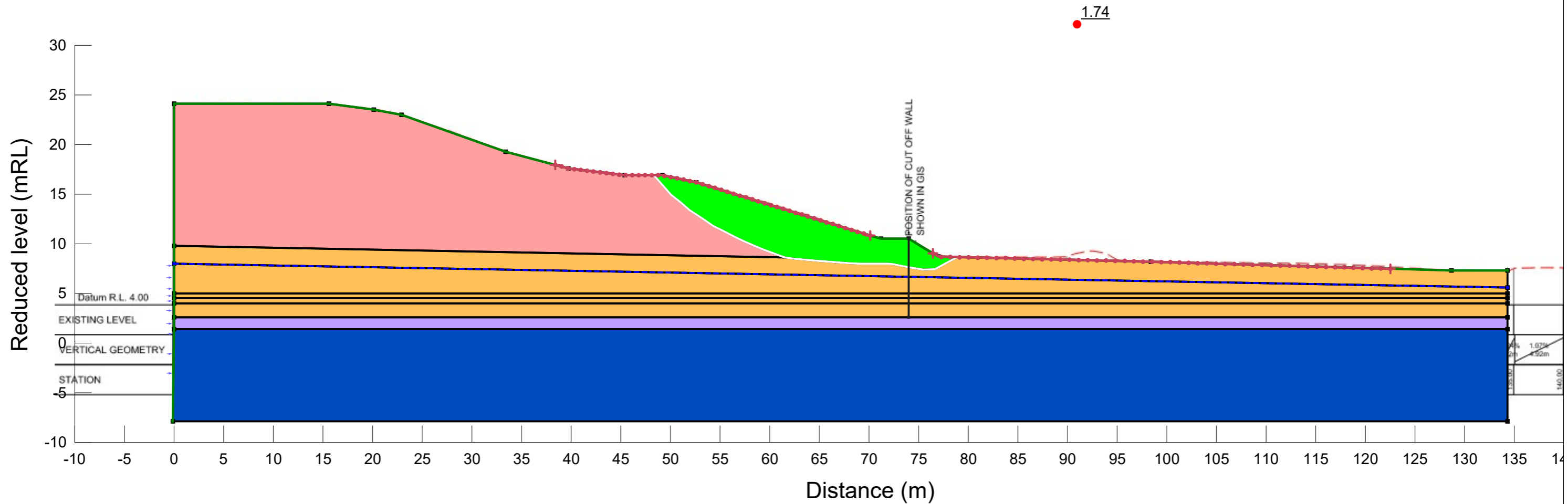
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By: NT

Horz Seismic Coef.: 0.06
 Method: Morgenstern-Price

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (kN/m ³)	Effective Cohesion (kPa)	Effective Friction Angle (°)	Phi-B (°)	Piezometric Surface
Green	Existing Clay Bund (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	18	3	28	0	1
Red	Refuse / Waste (Drained) - Nominal Parameters	Mohr-Coulomb	13	5	25	0	1
Orange	Unit 2 - Alluvial Deposits (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	17	1	24	0	1
Purple	Unit 3b - Highly to moderately weathered, very weak to weak SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	21	20	40	0	1
Blue	Unit 3c - Slightly weathered, moderately strong to strong SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	23	30	44	0	1



Mt Cooe Landfill Development Plan

1.3 Seismic - SLS

6-CO082.00

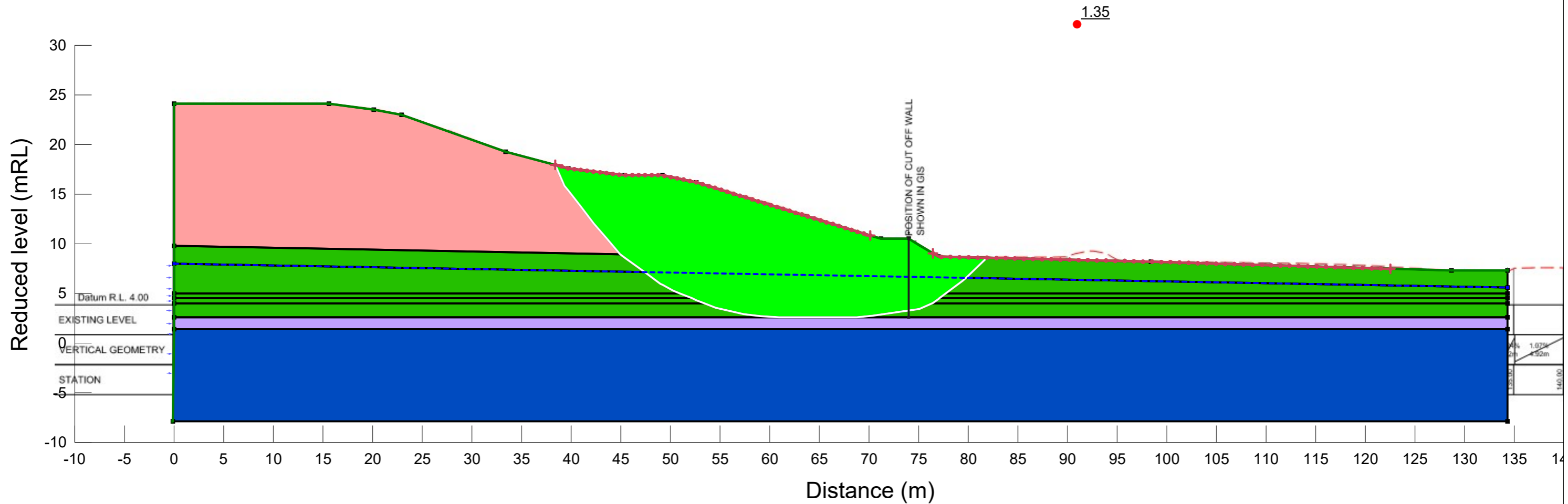
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By: NT

Horz Seismic Coef.: 0.06
 Method: Morgenstern-Price

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (kN/m ³)	Total Cohesion (kPa)	Effective Cohesion (kPa)	Effective Friction Angle (°)	Phi-B (°)	Piezometric Surface
Yellow	Existing Clay Bund (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	18		3	28	0	1
Red	Refuse / Waste (Drained) - Nominal Parameters	Mohr-Coulomb	13		5	25	0	1
Green	Unit 2 - Alluvial Deposits (Undrained)	Undrained (Phi=0)	17	30				1
Purple	Unit 3b - Highly to moderately weathered, very weak to weak SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	21		20	40	0	1
Blue	Unit 3c - Slightly weathered, moderately strong to strong SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	23		30	44	0	1



Mt Cooe Landfill Development Plan

1.3 Seismic - SLS (Undrained)

6-CO082.00

Date: 07/09/2023

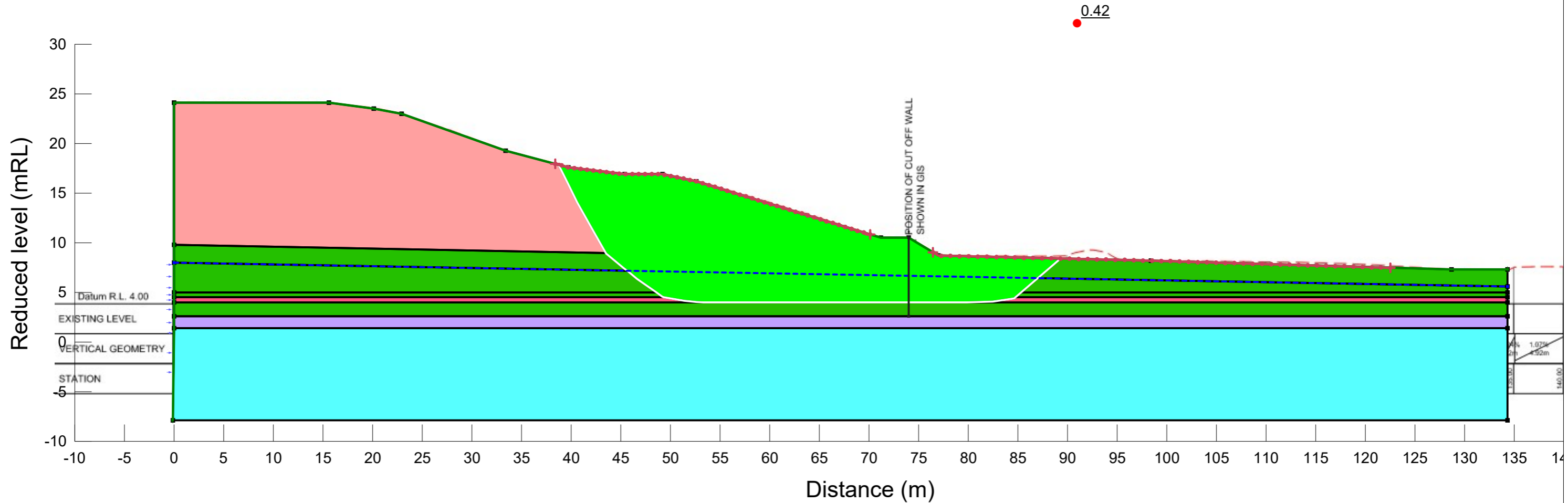
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By: NT

Horz Seismic Coef.: 0.29

Method: Morgenstern-Price

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (kN/m ³)	Total Cohesion (kPa)	Minimum Strength (kPa)	Tau/Sigma Ratio	Effective Cohesion (kPa)	Effective Friction Angle (°)	Phi-B (°)	Piezometric Surface
Yellow-Green	Existing Clay Bund (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	18				3	28	0	1
Pink	Liquefiable Unit 2 Alluvium (T/Sigma = 0.1)	SHANSEP	17		0	0.1				1
Light Red	Refuse / Waste (Drained) - Nominal Parameters	Mohr-Coulomb	13				5	25	0	1
Green	Unit 2 - Alluvial Deposits (Undrained)	Undrained (Phi=0)	17	30						1
Purple	Unit 3b - Highly to moderately weathered, very weak to weak SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	21				20	40	0	1
Cyan	Unit 3c - Slightly weathered, moderately strong to strong SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Undrained)	Undrained (Phi=0)	23	750						1



Mt Cooe Landfill Development Plan

1.4 Seismic - DCLS (Undrained + Liquefiable Alluvium)

6-CO082.00

Date: 07/09/2023

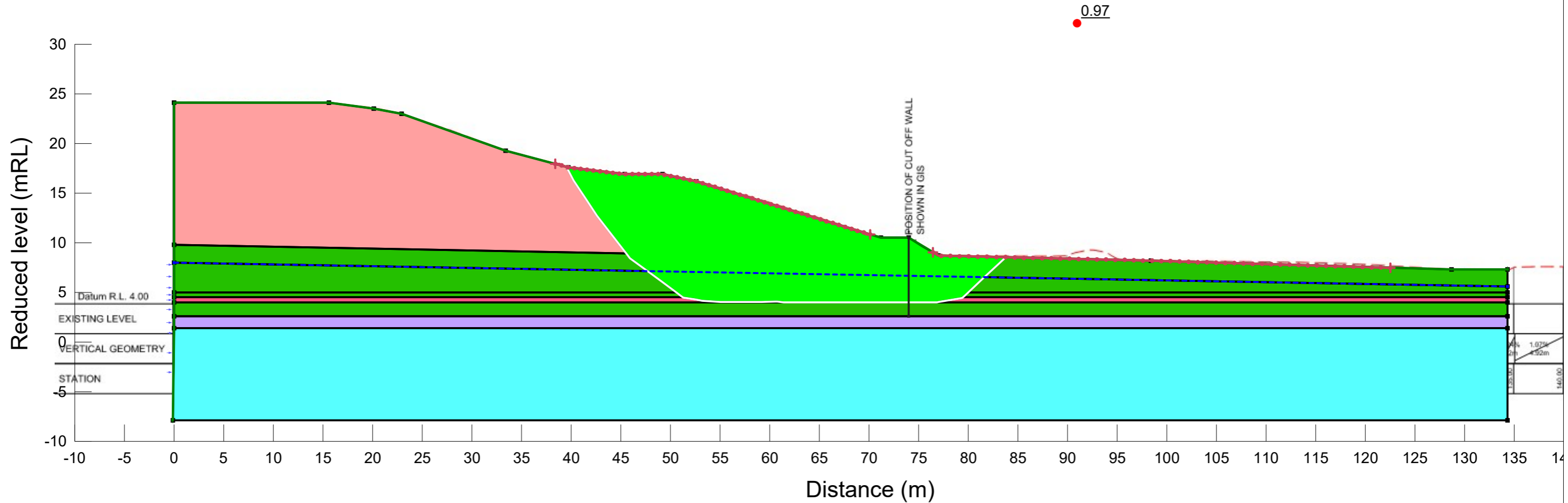
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By: NT

Horz Seismic Coef.: 0.05

Method: Morgenstern-Price

Color	Name	Slope Stability Material Model	Unit Weight (kN/m ³)	Total Cohesion (kPa)	Minimum Strength (kPa)	Tau/Sigma Ratio	Effective Cohesion (kPa)	Effective Friction Angle (°)	Phi-B (°)	Piezometric Surface
Yellow	Existing Clay Bund (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	18				3	28	0	1
Pink	Liquefiable Unit 2 Alluvium (T/Sigma = 0.1)	SHANSEP	17		0	0.1				1
Light Red	Refuse / Waste (Drained) - Nominal Parameters	Mohr-Coulomb	13				5	25	0	1
Green	Unit 2 - Alluvial Deposits (Undrained)	Undrained (Phi=0)	17	30						1
Purple	Unit 3b - Highly to moderately weathered, very weak to weak SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Drained)	Mohr-Coulomb	21				20	40	0	1
Cyan	Unit 3c - Slightly weathered, moderately strong to strong SANDSTONE/SILTSTONE (Undrained)	Undrained (Phi=0)	23	750						1



Mt Coee Landfill Development Plan

1.5 Seismic - Yield Acceleration - No sheet pile pinning

6-CO082.00

Date: 07/09/2023

Scale: 1:400

By: NT