

Flood Protection Management Bylaw 2012





That pursuant to Sections 149(1)(c), 155 and 156 of the Local Government Act 2002, the Otago Regional Council hereby resolves that the Flood Protection Management Bylaw 2012 adopted on 8 August 2012, as amended (attached), is hereby confirmed, and shall come into force on 1 September 2012.

The foregoing resolution was passed at a meeting of the Otago Regional Council on 8 August 2012.

The Common Seal of the Otago Regional Council was hereunto affixed in the presence of:



Chairperson

Chief Executive



Chairperson's foreword

This Flood Protection Management Bylaw 2012 has been prepared under the Local Government Act 2002.

Management, regulation and protection of flood protection works is necessary in order to ensure the effective operation and integrity of flood protection works/ schemes owned by, or under the control of the Otago Regional Council.

Flood protection works are the following features as mapped in the Bylaw: drains, overland flow paths, defences against water, floodways, groynes, cross-banks, anchored tree protection and plantings.

This Bylaw is only intended to control those activities which may affect the integrity or operation of flood protection works.

This Bylaw replaces the former Flood Protection Management Bylaw 2008.

Stephen Woodhead

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Chairperson

Otago Regional Council

1 September 2012

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Bylaw Approval Application Form



FLOOD PROTECTION MANAGEMENT BYLAW 2012

The Otago Regional Council, pursuant to the powers contained in the Local Government Act 2002, makes the following Bylaw:

Title

This Bylaw shall be known as the Flood Protection Management Bylaw 2012.

Commencement

This Bylaw shall come into force on the 1st of September 2012.

1.0 **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this Bylaw is to manage, regulate and protect the effective operation and integrity of flood protection works owned by or under the control of the Otago Regional Council.

Flood protection works can include drains, overland flow paths, defences against water, floodways, groynes, cross-banks, anchored tree protection and plantings.

This Bylaw only controls activities that may affect the integrity or operation of flood protection works.

2.0 **DEFINITIONS**

Note: where a word is defined it is shown in the Bylaw text in italics.

Anchored tree protection means any anchored tree protection shown in the Fourth Schedule.

Authority means written approval issued by the Council under this Bylaw.

Bed means the space of land which the waters of the river cover at its fullest flow without overtopping its banks.

Council means the Otago Regional Council and includes any person duly authorised by the Council to exercise any of the powers conferred upon the Council by this Bylaw.

Cross-bank means any cross-bank shown in the Fourth Schedule.

Defence against water means any defence against water shown in the Second Schedule and includes the bed of the Water of Leith and Lindsay Creek as marked in red on the Leith Lindsay map in the Second Schedule.

Ditches means any drainage network, other than scheduled drains.

Drain means any drain shown in the First Schedule.

Excavation means the removal of material, which results in a hole or cavity.

Excavation-sensitive areas means any excavation-sensitive area shown in the Second Schedule.

Flood protection works include drains, overland flow paths, defences against water, floodways, groynes, cross-banks, anchored tree protection and plantings.

Floodway means any floodway shown in the Third Schedule.

Groynes means any groyne shown in the Fourth Schedule.

Occupier in relation to any property, means the inhabitant occupier of that property.

Overland flow path means any overland flow path shown in the First Schedule.

Owner in relation to any property, means the person entitled to receive the rack rent thereof, or who would be so entitled if the property were let to a tenant at a rack rent.

Plantings means any planting shown in the Fourth Schedule.

Structure includes any building, crossing, equipment, device or other facility made by people and which is fixed to land; and includes any raft (and also includes, but is not limited to, any fence, gate, line or cable and any culvert, pipe, or other kind of conduit) but does not include any lines or cables to be carried upon existing bridges or utility support structures authorised in accordance with this Bylaw.

3.0 **ACTIVITIES REQUIRING BYLAW AUTHORITY**

Resource consent or authorisation may also be required from the Otago Regional Council, relevant territorial authority or the **Department of Conservation.**

Drains and overland flow paths 3.1

- Alter any drain or overland flow path; a.
- b. Remove or interfere with any machinery or equipment relating to any drain;
- Plant any tree C.
 - in any drain or overland flow path, or
 - on, or within, seven metres of the top of the bank of any drain;
- d. Construct or put any structure
 - in, over, through or under any drain or overland flow path, or
 - ii. on, or within, seven metres of the top of the bank of any drain;
- Dump or deposit any thing in any drain or overland flow path; e.
- f. Obstruct any drain or overland flow path;
- Drive, take or operate any vehicle, machinery or equipment, in or through any drain; g.
- h. Allow livestock in or through any drain;
- Connect any pipe, channel or other conduit to any drain or overland flow path. i.

3.2 Defences against water and excavation—sensitive areas

- a. Alter any defence against water except as provided for by rule 3.2 (f);
- b. Remove or interfere with any machinery or equipment relating to any *defence* against water;
- c. Plant any tree
 - i on any defence against water, or
 - ii. within seven metres of the landward side of any defence against water, or
 - iii between the bank of any river and associated defence against water;
- d. Construct or put any structure
 - i. in, on, over, through or under any defence against water, or
 - ii. within seven metres of the landward side of any defence against water, or
 - iii. between the bank of any river and associated defence against water;
- e. Remove or alter any *structure*
 - i. in, on, over, through or under any defence against water, or
 - ii. within seven metres of any defence against water, or
 - iii. within any excavation-sensitive area;
- f. Dump or deposit any thing
 - i. on any defence against water, or
 - ii. within seven metres of the landward side of any defence against water, or
 - iii. between the bank of any river and associated *defence against water;* excluding materials for maintenance of existing access;
- g. Allow livestock, vehicles, machinery or equipment to adversely affect the integrity of any *defence against water*;
- h. Carry out any excavation
 - i. in, on, through or under any defence against water, or
 - ii. within 20 metres of the landward side of any *defence against water* which lowers the existing ground surface by more than 300 millimetres in depth, or
 - iii. between the bank of any river and associated defence against water, or
 - iv. within any excavation-sensitive area.

3.3 Floodways

- Alter any floodway except as provided for by rules 3.3 (e) and (g);
- Remove or interfere with any machinery or equipment relating to any floodway; b
- Plant any tree in any floodway; C.
- Construct or put any structure in, on, over, through or under any floodway; d.
- e. Dump or deposit any thing in any floodway, excluding materials for maintenance of existing access, or as a result of maintenance of ditches undertaken in accordance with rule 3.3 (g);
- f. Obstruct any floodway;
- Carry out any excavation in any floodway, excluding maintenance of ditches; g.
- h. Connect any pipe, channel or other conduit to the Hilderthorpe or Hendersons and Waikoura Creeks Floodways.

3.4 Lower Waitaki groynes, cross-banks and anchored tree protection

No person shall, without the prior authority of the Council—

- Alter any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection;
- h. Remove or interfere with any machinery or equipment relating to any groyne, crossbank or anchored tree protection;
- Plant any tree on, or within seven metres, of any groyne, cross-bank or anchored C. tree protection;
- d. Construct or put any structure
 - in, on, over, through or under any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection, or
 - ii. within seven metres of any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection;
- Remove or alter any structure e.
 - in, on, over, through or under any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection, or
 - ii. within seven metres of any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection;
- f. Dump or deposit any thing on, or within fifty metres of, any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection; excluding materials for the purpose of access maintenance;
- Carry out any excavation g.
 - i. in, on, through or under any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection,
 - ii. within fifty metres of any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection which lowers the existing ground surface by more than 300 millimetres in depth, or
 - between the bank of any river and associated groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection;
- h. Allow livestock, vehicles, machinery or equipment to adversely affect the integrity of any groyne, cross-bank or anchored tree protection.

3.5 Lower Waitaki plantings

- Remove, alter or interfere with any plantings; or a.
- b. Add to any plantings.

4.0 **ACTIVITIES REQUIRED TO BE UNDERTAKEN**

4.1 Structures

The owner of every structure shall keep it in good repair.

4.2 **Floodways**

- Within any *floodway* every fence and gate shall be maintained free of debris.
- b. Within the Hilderthorpe Floodway, every fence shall include a floodgate which enables the free flow of flood water.

4.3 Fencing of drains

The Council's Chief Executive may, by written notice, require every owner, and every occupier of land adjoining any drain to, in the time and manner stated in the notice, erect fencing to prevent livestock entering the drain at the cost of the owner, if in the opinion of the Chief Executive, fencing is necessary to ensure the effective operation and integrity of the drain.

4.4 Access

The Council's Chief Executive may, by way of notice displayed on site, prohibit or restrict access to any flood protection works, if, in the opinion of the Chief Executive the restriction or prohibition is necessary to ensure the effective operation and integrity of the flood protection works.

5.0 APPLYING FOR AN AUTHORITY

5.1 Authority

- a. An application to the *Council* for *authority* under this Bylaw shall be made in accordance with the Bylaw Approval Application Form (Appendix One) and be accompanied by the prescribed fee;
- b. Any *authority* under this Bylaw may be granted on such conditions as the *Council* considers appropriate. When considering applications for *authority*, the *Council* shall have regard, but not be limited to, the following assessment criteria, in order to ensure the effective operation and integrity of the *flood protection works*:
 - Capacity
 - Scour
 - Access
 - Maintenance
 - Water quality
- c. Every person to whom an *authority* is granted shall produce that *authority* for inspection on request by the *Council*.

5.2 Fees

- a. The *Council* may, by using the special consultative procedure in Section 83 of the Local Government Act 2002, prescribe any fee payable by any person who applies for an *authority* under this Bylaw.
- b. The *Council* may, in such situations as the *Council* may determine, refund, remit, or waive the whole or any part of any fee payable under this Bylaw.

A deposit of \$300 is to be paid with your application, and as appropriate, additional costs be invoiced, or refunds made to reflect the actual costs.

6.0 **COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT**

6.1 Revocation of authority

- The Council may, in accordance with this clause, revoke any authority granted a. under this Bylaw, if the holder of the authority contravenes or fails to comply with any condition of the authority.
- b. Before revoking any authority, the Council shall give
 - i. written notice to the holder of the authority that the Council may revoke the authority; and
 - ii. the holder an opportunity of making, within 14 days, written submissions relating to the possible revocation of the authority.

Offence 6.2

- Every person commits an offence against this Bylaw who
 - i. Commits a breach of any clause of Section 3 or 4 of this Bylaw;
 - ii. Causes or permits to be done anything in contravention of any clause of Section 3 or 4 of this Bylaw;
 - Omits to do anything required by this Bylaw or the conditions of the iii. relevant authority;
 - Fails to comply with any written notice served under this Bylaw. iv.
- b. Every person who commits an offence against this Bylaw is liable to the penalties prescribed by section 242 of the Local Government Act 2002.

6.3 Notice to remedy

The Council may, by written notice, require any mitigation or remediation considered necessary by Council, in relation to the contravention of any clause of Section 3 or 4, or the conditions of the relevant authority, in the time, and in the manner stated in the notice, at the cost of the owner.

6.4 Removal of works

The Council, or any agent of the Council, may remove or alter any work or any thing, constructed or being in contravention of any provision of this Bylaw, or any conditions of an authority, and may recover the costs incurred by the Council in connection with the removal or alteration.

The undertaking of this action shall not relieve any person from liability to any penalty incurred by reason of the breach.

First Schedule

Drains and overland flow paths

Maps of scheduled drains and overland flow paths owned by or under the control of the Council, to which this Bylaw applies:

- Lower Clutha Scheduled Drains
- Tokomairiro Scheduled Drains
- East Taieri Scheduled Drains and Overland Flow Paths
- West Taieri Scheduled Drains and Overland Flow Paths

Second Schedule

Defences against water and excavation—sensitive areas

Maps of defences against water and excavation-sensitive areas owned by or under the control of the Council, to which this Bylaw applies.

- Lower Clutha Defences Against Water
- Lower Taieri Defences Against Water and Excavation-Sensitive Areas
- Leith Lindsay Defences Against Water
- Alexandra Defences Against Water

Third Schedule

Floodways

Descriptions and maps of floodways owned by or under the control of the Council, to which this Bylaw applies.

- Lower Clutha Floodway
- Lower Taieri (Upper Pond) Floodway
- East Taieri Silver Stream Floodway
- Lower Taieri River Floodway
- Miller Road and Otokia Road Contour Channel Floodways
- Hendersons and Waikoura Creeks Floodway
- Hilderthorpe Floodway

Lower Clutha Floodway

This channel provides flood relief to Balclutha, shortening the flow path of the Koau branch between the Bifurcation (point at which the Clutha splits into the Koau and Matau branches) and Finegand. It runs in a SSE direction, is approximately 500 m wide and 1.9 km long. The floodway is grass-lined (pastoral farmland when not in operation) with floodbanks on either side and a lower height sill at the bottom end (to prevent the bottom end being drowned in river flows less than the operating threshold).

Lower Taieri (Upper Pond) Floodway

The Lower Taieri Flood Protection Scheme incorporates two flood storage ponds designed to maximise the peak flow the Scheme can accommodate. The northern most pond (upper pond) has a defined spill point from the Taieri River. A demountable barrier structure (with collapsible props) gives some control to the discharge but most of the spillway is 'uncontrolled' (flatter riverward batter and a steeper landward batter lined with rock, with concrete grouting). Although not physically delineated, the area of pastoral farmland between the spillway and Riverside Road conveys flow spilled from the Taieri River to the upper ponding area.

East Taieri Silver Stream Floodway

Although not physically delineated, this floodway encompasses an area adjacent to the Silver Stream (Gordon Road) Spillway. This floodway conveys flow spilled from the Silver Stream which eventually discharges to the Upper Ponding Area via gated culverts through the cutoff bank.

The Silver Stream (Gordon Road) Spillway is a lowered section (approximately 1km long) of the true right Silver Stream floodbank between Gordon Road and Riccarton Road. This section is a design feature of the Lower Taieri Flood Protection Scheme. It is designed to mitigate the flood risk for Mosgiel (protected by the true left floodbank) by allowing spilling over the true right floodbank. Spill starts when the flow in the Silver Stream reaches approximately 170 m³/s.

Lower Taieri River Floodway

The Taieri River Floodway defines the area of river berm between Allanton and the Waipori River confluence that assists with the conveyance of flood flows. The true left extent of the floodway between Allanton and the Waipori River confluence is defined by higher ground (lower than the opposite bank floodbank crest level). The true right side of the river from Otokia to the Waipori River confluence is defined by floodbanks or elevated sections of State Highway 1 (locally known as the "Flood Free Highway").

Miller Road and Otokia Road Contour Channel Floodways

Two uncontrolled spillways are located on the Contour Channel left bank, one just upstream of Miller Road and one immediately downstream of Otokia Road. These spillways consist of a lowered (relative to adjoining sections) section of Contour Channel floodbank. Thus when the water level in the Contour Channel reaches the spillway crest level, spill will begin automatically. The spilled water occupies the floodways before reaching the old course of Lee Creek (now a scheduled drain). This water eventually reaches the Waipori pump station and is discharged into Lake Waipori.

Hendersons and Waikoura Creeks Floodway

The Hendersons and Waikoura Creeks Floodway consists of artificially constructed channels designed to collect flood flows on the north-eastern side of Georgetown-Pukeuri Road (SH83) and convey them to the Waitaki River during significant rainfall events. This floodway is not part of a wider flood protection scheme.

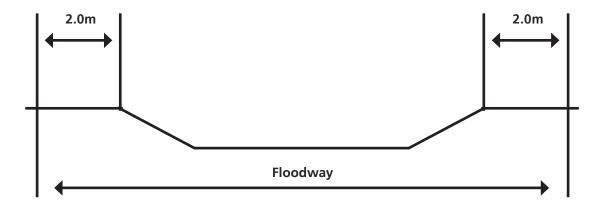
The floodway starts at the artificially constructed sections of the creeks and join at Irvine Road where combined, they follow Irvine Road for approximately 800 metres then follow Jardine Road for about 2,500 metres before entering the Waitaki River through a drop structure.

Hilderthorpe Floodway

The Hilderthorpe Floodway is a channel, both natural and artificially constructed, designed to convey overland flow from Gray Road to the Hilderthorpe Race alongside Steward Road during significant rainfall events. This floodway is not part of a wider flood protection scheme.

The natural sections of the channel follow the course of a paleochannel.

The map indicates the extent of the Hilderthorpe Floodway. The general cross section of the Hilderthorpe Floodway is shown below.



Fourth Schedule

Groynes, cross-banks, anchored tree protection and plantings

Maps of groynes, cross-banks, anchored tree protection and plantings owned by or under the control of the Council, to which this Bylaw applies.

■ Lower Waitaki River Groynes, Cross-Banks, Anchored Tree Protection and Plantings

A deposit of \$300 is to be paid with your application, and as appropriate, additional costs be invoiced, or refunds made to reflect the actual costs.



Bylaw Approval Application Form

1. Applicant(s) details

Name Organisation Postal Addre	n (if applicable)	
		Post Code
Phone		Home
Franil	Business	
Email		
2. Property	to which this Bylaw appro	oval relates
Property Ad	dress	
Please provid	ther relevant diagrams (e.g. cr	below, detailing where the works are proposed to coss-section). If possible please also provide photos

4. Section(s) of the Bylaw to		
5. Description of the propos Please describe the proposed wo who will be doing the works, and	ks, the reasons for them, when and how they will be underta	ken
The vinible doing the fronts, and	any other relevant information.	
Signed	Dated	



