Appendix 1

Maps, Photographs and Water Conservation Order

Maps of Potential Discharge Locations

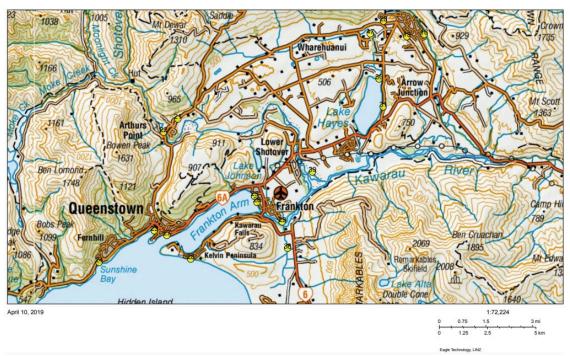


Figure 1: Locations of overflow sites in and near Queenstown and Lake Hayes. Source: ORC Maps.

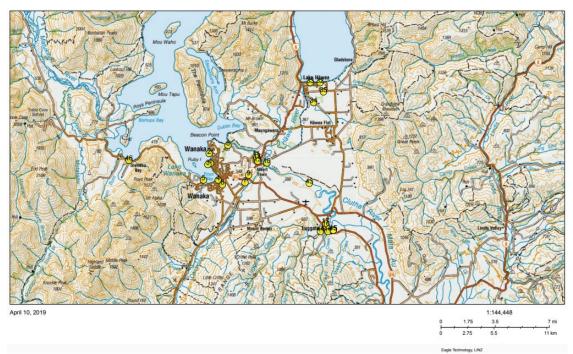


Figure 2: Locations of overflow sites in and near Wanaka and Hawea. Source: ORC Maps.

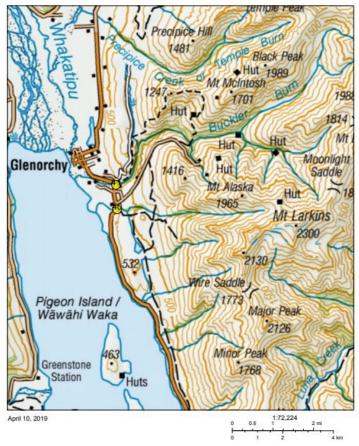


Figure 3: Locations of overflow sites near Glenorchy. Source: ORC Maps.

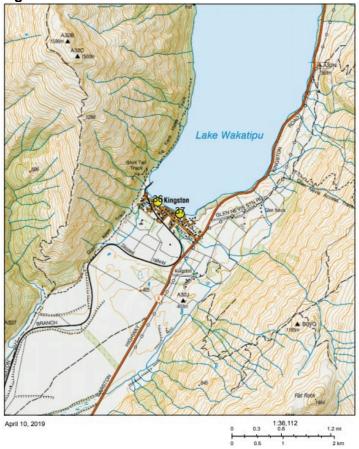


Figure 4: Locations of overflows in Kingston. Source: ORC Maps.

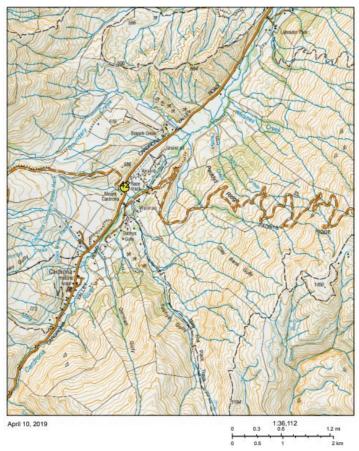


Figure 5: Location of overflow near Cardrona. Source: ORC Maps.

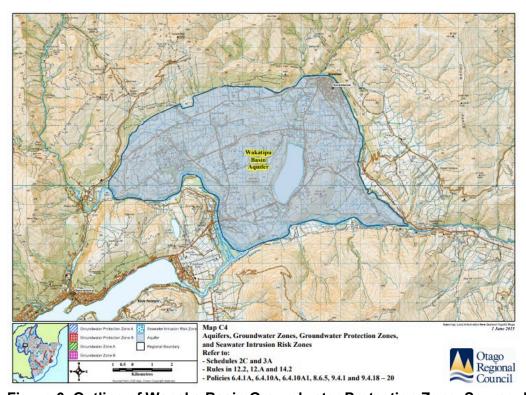


Figure 6: Outline of Wanaka Basin Groundwater Protection Zone. Source: RPW.

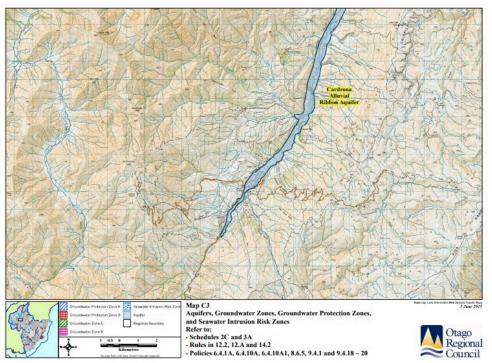


Figure 7: Outline of Cardrona Alluvial Ribbon Aquifer Groundwater Protection Zone. Source: RPW.

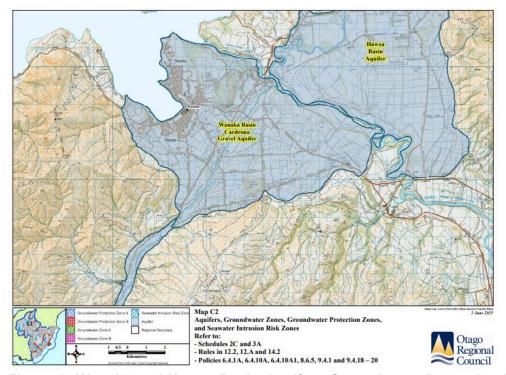


Figure 8: Wanaka and Hawea Basin Aquifers Groundwater Protection Zones. Source: RPW.

Photographs of Previous Overflow Events



Photograph 1 Discharge to Kawarau River¹ showing overflow containing female sanitary products



Photograph 2: Discharge to Kawarau River² showing outlet pipe and toilet waste contained in overflow

¹ Otago Regional Council vs Queenstown Lakes District Council [2017] NZDC 28767

² Otago Regional Council vs Queenstown Lakes District Council [2017] NZDC 28767



Photograph 3 Discharge overflowing from a manhole across the Kelvin Heights public track adjacent to Loop Road, before flowing into Lake Wakatipu³.

³ Otago Regional Council vs Queenstown Lakes District Council [2019] NZDC 832

Schedule 2 of the Water Conservation (Kawarau) Order 1997

Schedule 2 Waters to be protected

All map references are NZMS 10 Waters	unless otherwise stated Outstanding characteristics	Restrictions and prohibitions
Kawarau River mainstem from Scrubby Stream to Lake Wakatipu control gates (S133:940715 to S132:615707)	(c) wild and scenic characteristics; (c) natural characteristics, in particular the return flow in the upper section when the Shotover River is in high flood; (d) scientific values, in particular the return flow in the upper section when the Shotover River is in high flood; (e) recreational purposes, in particular rafting, jetboating, and kayaking.	(i) no damming allowed; (ii) water quality to be managed to Class CR standard
Nevis River mainstem gorge from Nevis Crossing to Kawarau River confluence (NZTM: 5002690.6 N, 1287862.0 E to 4989927.5 N, 1285354.6 E)	(a) native fishery habitat(non-migratory galaxiids);(c) wild and sceniccharacteristics;(e) recreational purposes, in particular fishing and kayaking.	(i) no damming or diversion allowed;(ii) water quality to be managed to Class CR, Class F, and Class FS standards.
Nevis River mainstem above Nevis Crossing to source (NZTM: 4989927.5 N, 1285354.6 E to 4959907.3 N, 1269995.5 E)	 (a) native fishery habitat (non-migratory galaxiids); (c) scenic characteristics; (d) scientific – biogeographic river capture; (e) recreational purposes, in particular fishing. 	(i) no damming or diversion allowed;(ii) water quality to be managed to Class F and Class FS standards
Nevis River tributaries	(a) native fishery habitat (non-migratory galaxiids).	
Shotover River mainstem (at or about S132:645720 to S114:542262)	c) wild and scenic characteristics; (c) natural characteristics, in particular the high natural sediment load and active delta at confluence with Kawarau River; (d) scientific value, in particular the high natural sediment load and active	(i) no damming allowed; (ii) water quality to be managed to Class CR standard.

delta at confluence with	
Kawarau River; (e) recreational purposes, in particular rafting, kayaking, and jetboating;	
Dart River mainstem from Lake Wakatipu to confluence with Beans Burn (at or about S113:226162) (a) habitat for wildlife; (b) scenic characteristics; (c) natural characteristics, in particular natural turbidity; (d) scientific value, in particular natural turbidity; (g) significance in accordance with tikanga Maori, in particular sites at the mouth of the river. (i) no damming allowed; (ii) braiding of water to b maintained.	e
Rees River mainstem from Lake Wakatipu to confluence with Hunter (at or about \$123:301915 to \$\$S114:363204)	е
Diamond Lake, Diamond Creek, and Reid Lake (at or about S122:290050; S123:305987)(a) habitat for wildlife and quinnat salmon; (b) fishery.(i) no damming allowed; maintained; (ii) water quality to be managed to Class F and Class FS standards.	
Lake Wakatipu (from outlet at control gates (C) scenic characteristics; (S132:615707) to (d) scientific value, in (at or about S122:291916) and Rees River (at or about S123:301915) and including whole lake) (b) fishery; (c) scenic characteristics; (d) scientific value, in particular water clarity, and bryophyte community; (e) recreational purposes, in particular boating; (g) significance in accordance with tikanga Maori, in particular sites at the head of the lake, and the legend of the lake itself.	
Lochy River mainstem (b) fishery; (i) fish passage to be (S132:592511 to (e) recreational purposes, in S142:328409 and particular (ii) water quality to be managed to Class F and Class FS standards.	
Von River mainstem (b) fishery; (i) fish passage to be (S132:353629 to (e) recreational purposes, in S141:288380 and particular fishing. (ii) water quality to be managed to Class F and Class FS standards.	

Key: Outstanding characteristics (s 199(2)(b) and (c) of Act): (a) as habitat for terrestrial or aquatic organisms:

- (b) as a fishery:
- (c) for its wild, scenic or other natural characteristics:
- (d) for scientific and ecological values:
- (e) for recreational purposes:
- (f) for historical purposes:
- (g) for significance in accordance with tikanga Maori.

Restrictions and prohibitions:

References to classes are Water quality classes as in Schedule 3 of the Act. Schedule 2: amended, on 12 December 2013, by clause 5 of the Water Conservation (Kawarau) Amendment Order 2013 (SR 2013/450).