

Haere mai, welcome

to the draft Land and Water Regional Plan Online Region-wide session

To have your say online:

orc.govt.nz/feedback



#### **Opening karakia**



Tuia ki runga Tuia ki raro Tuia ki waho Tuia ki roto Tuia ki te here tangata

Ka rongo te pō Ka rongo te ao

Haumi e, hui e Tāiki e! Unite above
Unite below
Unite without
Unite within
Unite as one

Listen to the night Listen to the world of light

We can now come together as one!

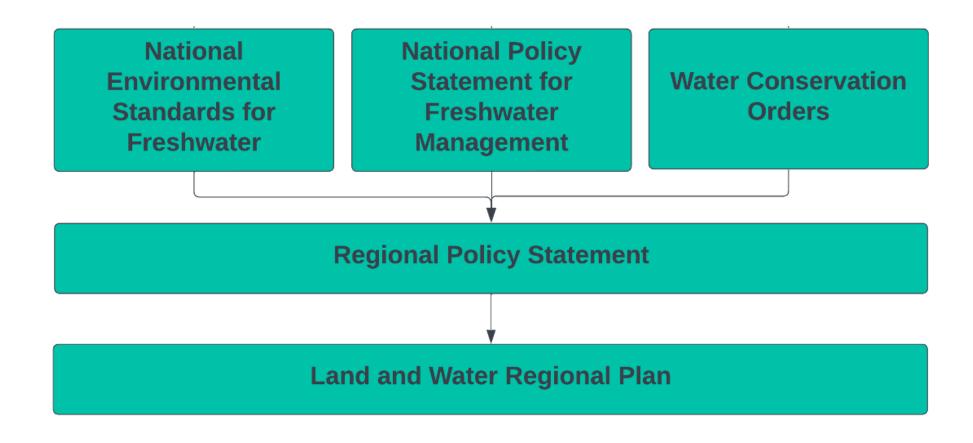




## What is the Land and Water Regional Plan?



#### **Resource Management Act 1991**



#### Te Mana o te Wai

 Te Mana o te Wai refers to the fundamental importance of water and recognises that protecting the health of freshwater protects the health and wellbeing of the wider environment.

 The Plan must give effect to Te Mana o te Wai, integrating it into how we manage fresh water and land, for the benefit of all Otago communities.



#### Purpose of engagement



We need your input!

#### What is a regional plan?

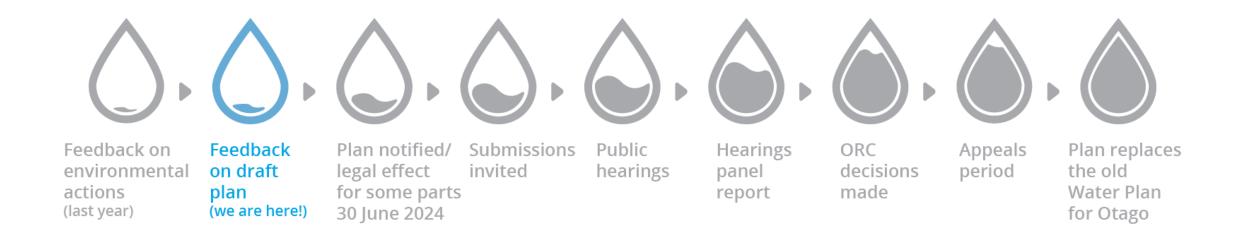
Objectives: a statement of what the plan aims to achieve

Policies: provide the guiding principles

Rules: specific requirements for land use and resource management

Activity statuses: Permitted, controlled, restricted discretionary, discretionary, non-complying, prohibited

#### Land and Water Regional Plan timeline





# What is included in the draft Plan and how might it impact Otago?

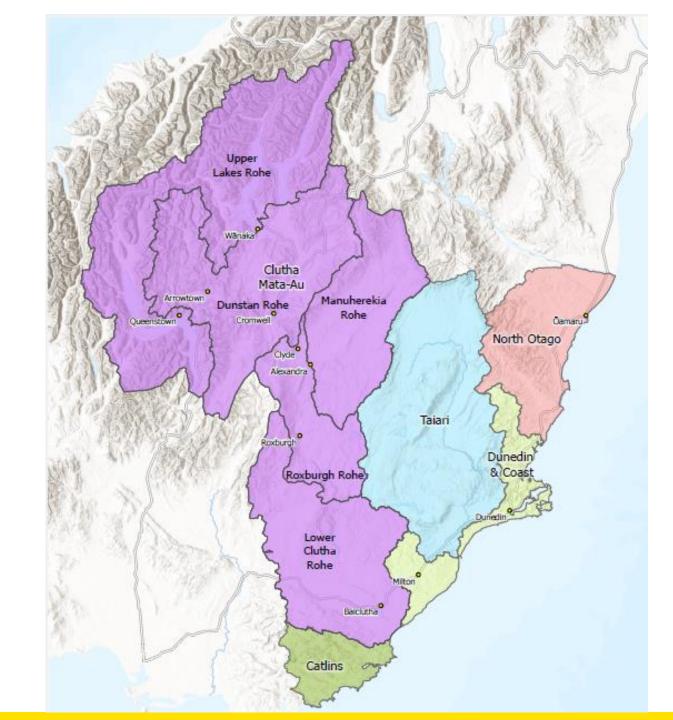
#### **Topic areas**

- Strategic Policy Direction
- Primary Production (farming and forestry)
- Environmental Flows and Limits (water quantity)
- Beds of Lakes and Rivers
- Damming and Diversion
- Earthworks and Drilling
- Other Discharges
- Stormwater Management



#### Topic areas (continued)

- Solid Waste Management
- Wastewater Management
- Wetlands
- Threatened Species
- Primary Contact Sites
- Outstanding Water Bodies
- Values and Environmental Outcomes
- Monitoring Sites and Target Attribute States





#### **Strategic Direction**

**Integrated Management** 

All parts of the plan work together to:

- Give effect to Te Mana o te Wai
- Manage resources in an integrated way (ki uta ki tai)
- Respond to climate change
- Manage uncertainties in decision-making
- Recognise the need for transitions in resource use over time



#### Farming

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Regionwide rule &amp; Policy framework</li> <li>Permissive framework for discharges</li> <li>Limited land use rules.</li> <li>Rules do not reflect current best practice.</li> <li>Lack of strong policy guidance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Retain rules that reflect current best practice (e.g. animal effluent)</li> <li>Update out-of-date rules (e.g. fertiliser discharge rules)</li> <li>Introduce new rules to manage high risk activities:         <ul> <li>Feedlots, stockholding areas and sacrifice paddocks</li> <li>Pasture-based wintering</li> <li>Silage storage, offal pits, farm landfills</li> <li>Irrigation expansion, land use conversion/intensification</li> </ul> </li> <li>Stronger policy guidance to inform consent applications</li> </ul>
<ul><li>FMU specific rules</li><li>Not covered by current Plan</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Consent required for dairy farming and dairy support</li> <li>Increased setbacks from water bodies for high-risk activities</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Freshwater Farm Plans (FWFP)</li><li>Not covered by current Plan</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Direction to ensure that FWFPs are focussed on meeting desired environmental outcomes.</li> <li>For some activities: Certified FWFPs are an alternative to a consent.</li> <li>Requirement for specific information to be submitted to ORC</li> </ul>



#### **Forestry**

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>No provisions for managing planting of forestry (plantation or permanent).</li> <li>Some rules (e.g. contaminant discharge rules) go "beyond" the National Environmental Standard for Plantation Forestry (NES-PF).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Retain the extra stringency of the Water Plan over the NES-PF.</li> <li>Include rules for managing the planting of plantation and permanent forestry:         <ul> <li>Plantation forestry will be a permitted activity where it is less than 10 ha in area, and subject to conditions (e.g. setbacks from water bodies)</li> <li>Where consent is required consider effects on water quantity &amp; quality, freshwater ecosystems, etc.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Enabling pathway for indigenous planting.</li> </ul>



#### Water quantity

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Minimum flows/levels for rivers, lakes &amp; aquifers</li> <li>Minimum flows/levels for only few rivers, lakes &amp; aquifers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Minimum flows/levels for ALL rivers, aquifers, and natural, controlled or instream artificial lakes</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Take (allocation) limits for rivers, lakes &amp; aquifers</li> <li>Take limits for all rivers and aquifers, but often insufficient to support ecosystem health</li> <li>Generally, no take limits for lakes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Take limits for ALL rivers, aquifers, and natural, controlled or instream artificial lakes</li> <li>Take limits based ecological requirements</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Avoiding and phasing out over-allocation</li> <li>Plan provisions to avoid overallocation and phase out over-allocation ineffective</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No new takes in over-allocated waterbodies</li> <li>Strengthened framework for phasing out overallocation within specified timeframes - allowing flexibility (i.e. catchment-specific, community-driven solutions) but with regulatory backstop (i.e. proportional allocation reductions)</li> </ul>



#### **Water quantity**

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Efficiency considerations</li> <li>Limited direction on how to assess efficiency</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clear direction on efficient use for various uses (e.g. irrigation, domestic use, animal drinking water)</li> <li>Encouraging shifting takes from over-allocated water bodies to alternative sources with available allocation</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Integrated management</li> <li>Limited ability to consider water quality impacts</li> </ul>	Enables consideration of water quality impacts
<ul> <li>Consideration of applications</li> <li>Limited policy guidance for specific activities</li> <li>Expectation of long-term (35 yrs) consents</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>General direction for all takes &amp; direction for specific uses</li> <li>Shorter consent durations (up to 10 years)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Rule framework</li> <li>Permissive permitted activity framework</li> <li>Enables "stacking" (i.e. water taken under different rules at same time)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Small and temporary takes remain permitted</li> <li>Size of permitted takes scaled to size of water body</li> <li>Provisions that prevent "stacking" of water takes</li> </ul>



#### Damming and diversion

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Provisions are out of date (do not give effect to current national direction)</li> <li>Damming activities often trigger various plan rules (increased complexity for plan users)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enabling off-stream dams, but avoiding new instream dams (unless they are temporary)</li> <li>Instream dams will be required to comply with downstream environmental flows and levels</li> <li>Rules capture all relevant associated activities (incl. use and disturbance of the bed, discharges etc.)</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Diversion</li><li>Rules are unclear</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Clear guidance for managing different types of diversions (diversion outside of the bed of a water body managed as a take)</li> </ul>



#### Stormwater

Current state	Direction
Discharges of stormwater from reticulated network  • Permissive framework - No consent is needed	<ul> <li>New framework with 2-staged approach</li> <li>Stage 1: short-term consent (5yrs) that provides network operators with time to map and monitor discharges.</li> <li>Stage 2: new consent that requires:</li> <li>Compliance with stormwater management plan</li> <li>Better management of the water quality and the volume of discharges</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Discharges of stormwater – non-reticulated</li> <li>Permissive framework - No consent is needed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consent required for discharges of stormwater from commercial and industrial sites that requires:</li> <li>Compliance with stormwater management plan</li> <li>Better management of the water quality and the volume of discharges</li> </ul>



#### Wastewater

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Discharges of wastewater from reticulated networks</li> <li>Many existing networks discharge to water</li> <li>Frequent sewage overflows</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Phase out discharges to water by 2045</li> <li>Requirement to upgrade existing networks to reduce risk of sewage overflows</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Onsite wastewater (e.g. septic tanks)</li> <li>Pre-1998 systems are poorly managed</li> <li>No rules for composting toilets</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Old and new systems are permitted (subject to conditions), but consent required near sensitive areas</li> <li>New rules for discharges from composting toilets</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Trade and Industrial Waste</li> <li>All discharges require consent</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Small discharges to land permitted (subject to conditions), but larger discharges will require consent</li> <li>Preference to discharge to land rather than water</li> </ul>

# Discharges of solid waste, hazardous substances, etc



Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Landfills, Cleanfills, Greenwaste,</li> <li>Composting, Hazardous substances</li> <li>Activities managed under the Waste and Water Plans (inefficiencies for plan users).</li> <li>Policy direction lacks guidance</li> <li>Rules out of date and do not reflect good management practice.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Manage new and existing landfills in accordance with national guidelines/legislation</li> <li>Identify &amp; remediate closed landfills at risk of erosion, if practicable</li> <li>Strengthened rules to avoid contamination of soil or water</li> <li>Small scale composting (including community composting) allowed; but larger scale composting will require consent</li> <li>New provisions for activities not covered under the operative plans (e.g. site investigations, passive discharges from contaminated land)</li> <li>Refinement of rules for managing hazardous substances/wastes to better reflect the division of responsibilities under the RMA plans and HSNO.</li> </ul>



#### Wetlands & outstanding water bodies

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Wetlands</li> <li>Only small number of wetlands (regionally significant wetlands) protected</li> <li>Plan provisions inconsistent with national regulations and direction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Require exclusion of cattle, pigs, deer and other heavy livestock (e.g. horses) from "natural inland wetlands"</li> <li>Restrict activities in other wetlands that result in long term wetland loss (e.g. earthworks and spraying)</li> </ul>
• Currently not managed	<ul> <li>All OWBs mapped and values described</li> <li>Strong policy direction that seeks to <ul> <li>avoid permanent loss of OWB values</li> <li>provide for activities with minor/transitory effect</li> <li>allow activities that enhance or restore OWBs</li> </ul> </li> <li>Conditions on rules relating to water takes, earthworks, damming, beds of lakes and rivers.</li> </ul>



#### Earthworks and bore management

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Residential earthworks permitted subject to conditions (e.g. limits on volume)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Manage all earthworks (not just residential).</li> <li>More nuanced approach, allowing some larger-scale earthworks in low-risk situations (i.e. low slope, greater distance from water bodies)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Consent required as controlled activity (i.e.         ORC cannot refuse consent and may only set         conditions for limited number of matters)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Drilling of bores remains controlled activity, but must be done in accordance with national guidelines.</li> <li>Rules to better manage the use and maintenance of existing bores (i.e. secure boreheads).</li> </ul>



#### Beds of lakes and rivers

Current state	Direction
<ul> <li>Permitted activities</li> <li>Provisions are too permissive and out of date</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Retain permitted activity status for small scale structures</li> <li>Reduce the volume for permitted gravel extractions (5 m³)</li> <li>Suction dredging no longer permitted activity</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Activities often trigger various plan rules (increased complexity for plan users)</li> </ul>	Rules capture all relevant associated activities
<ul> <li>Beneficial activities</li> <li>Activities that seek to achieve environmental improvement often require consent</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Permitted activity pathways for vegetation planting and removal, removal of structures, etc.</li> </ul>



#### 'Open mic' session

- What further questions do you have on the draft Plan?
- What feedback do you have on what you have heard today on the draft Plan?

#### **Closing karakia**

Otago Regional Council

Kia tau te rangimārie Ki runga i ngā iwi o te ao Let peace reign On all peoples of the world





## Thank you!

Please provide feedback online at orc.govt.nz/landwater until 6 November 2023

Phone: 03 474-0827 Free: 0800 474 082 Fax: 03 477-9837



### APPENDIX

#### **Guide to Activity Types**

- Permitted: No consent needed if conditions met
- Controlled: Consent always granted; conditions specified by council
- Restricted Discretionary: Consent required; conditions limited to identified matters
- Discretionary: Consent required; no limit on conditions
- Non-complying: Consent required; conditions based on environmental impact and plan objectives
- Prohibited: Activity not allowed; no consent can be granted